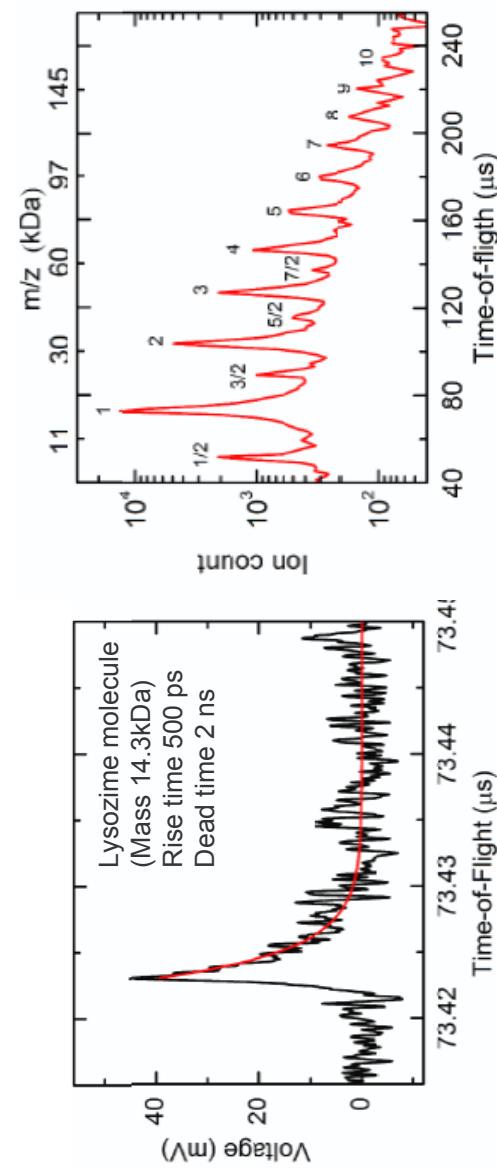


Superconducting nanostrip macromolecules detectors

Efficiency to mass > 100 kDa (heavy ions, proteins and DNA-fragments)

Applications: Time-of-flight mass spectrometry.

2x2 mm² Parallel nanostrip detector with unique properties of efficiency and speed
The largest and fastest superconducting detector of molecules !



Devices characteristics	
1120 NbN nanostrips	
width	1 μm
Thickness	50 nm
length	2 mm
Area coverage	2x2 mm ²

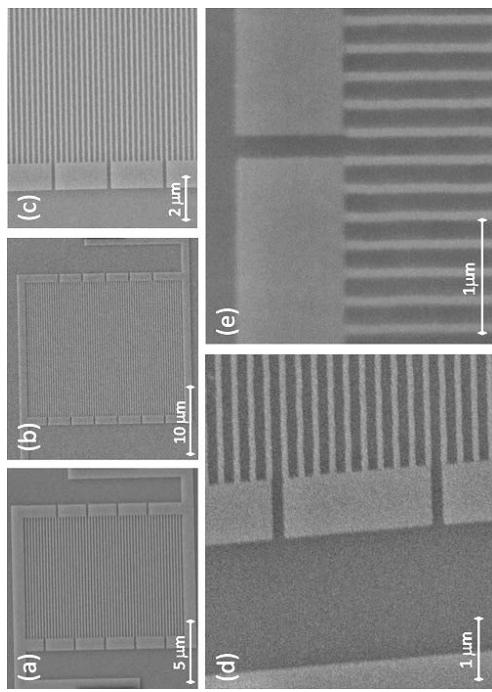
Latest Publications

- Casaburi *et al.* APL **98** 023702 (2011)
- Cristiano *et al* JLTP **167** 979 (2012)
- Ohkubo *et al* JLTP **167** 943 (2012)
- Zen *et al*, Physics Procedia **27** 356 (2012)

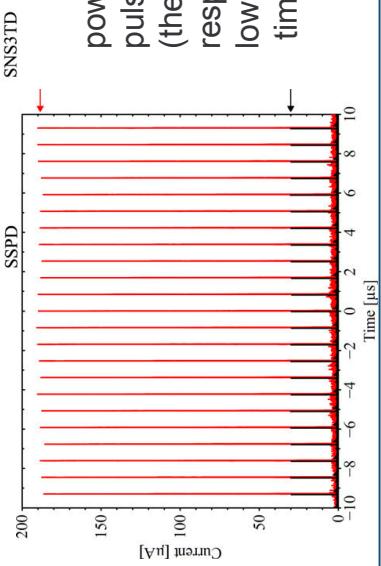
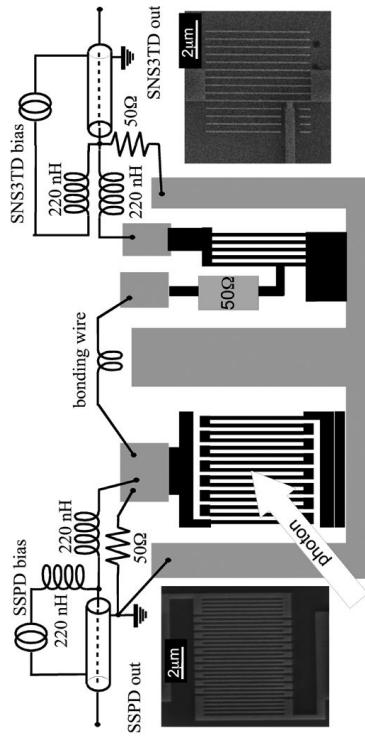
Superconducting nanowires broadband single-photon detectors

Sensitivity range: IR-visible wavelengths
Applications: quantum information and communication, quantum cryptography, quantum optics.

40x40 μm^2 Parallel superconducting nanowires detector.
The largest and fastest superconducting detector of IR single-photons !



Pulse discriminators based on parallel NbN nanostrips



power gain > 20 dB,
pulse amplification of 12
(the pulse width was 1 ns)
response time of ns,
low power cryogenic operation
timing jitter < 80 ps

Latest Publications

- Mattioli *et al*, *J. Vac. Sci. Technol. B* 30 031204 (2012)
- Casaburi *et al*, *J NANOPAR RES*, 13 (2011) 6121
- Ejrnaes *et al* *SUST* 24 (2011) 035018
- Pagano *et al* *IEEE-TAS* 21 (2011) 717